

3-3 Study Guide and Intervention

Solving Systems of Inequalities by Graphing

Systems of Inequalities To solve a system of inequalities, graph the inequalities in the same coordinate plane. The solution of the system is the region shaded for all of the inequalities.

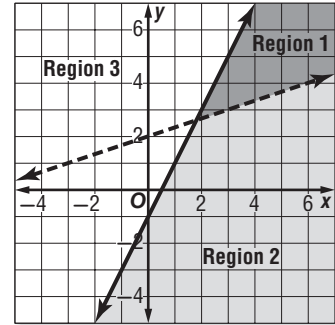
Example Solve the system of inequalities.

$$y \leq 2x - 1 \text{ and } y > \frac{x}{3} + 2$$

The solution of $y \leq 2x - 1$ is Regions 1 and 2.

The solution of $y > \frac{x}{3} + 2$ is Regions 1 and 3.

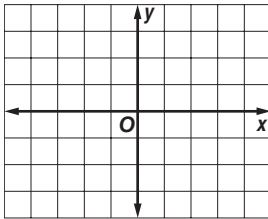
The intersection of these regions is Region 1, which is the solution set of the system of inequalities.



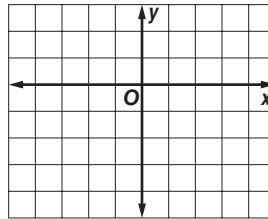
Exercises

Solve each system of inequalities by graphing.

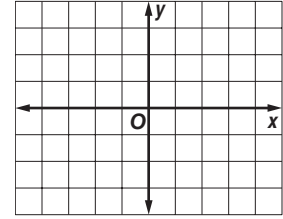
1. $x - y \leq 2$
 $x + 2y \geq 1$



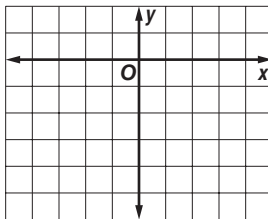
2. $3x - 2y \leq -1$
 $x + 4y \geq -12$



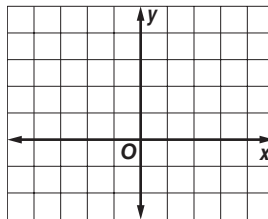
3. $|y| \leq 1$
 $x > 2$



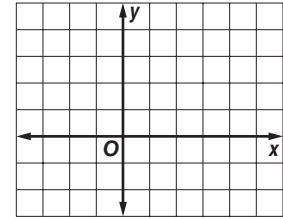
4. $y \geq \frac{x}{2} - 3$
 $y < 2x$



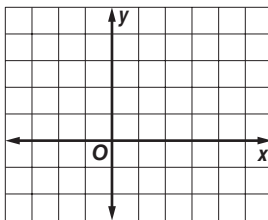
5. $y < \frac{x}{3} + 2$
 $y < -2x + 1$



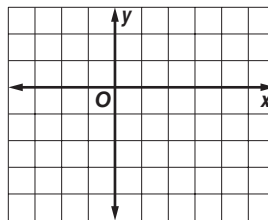
6. $y \geq -\frac{x}{4} + 1$
 $y < 3x - 1$



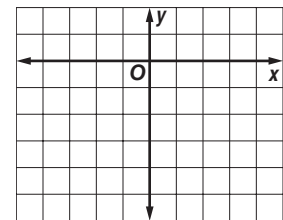
7. $x + y \geq 4$
 $2x - y > 2$



8. $x + 3y < 3$
 $x - 2y \geq 4$



9. $x - 2y > 6$
 $x + 4y < -4$



3-3 Study Guide and Intervention (continued)

Solving Systems of Inequalities by Graphing

Find Vertices of an Enclosed Region Sometimes the graph of a system of inequalities produces an enclosed region in the form of a polygon. You can find the vertices of the region by a combination of the methods used earlier in this chapter: graphing, substitution, and/or elimination.

Example Find the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle formed by $5x + 4y < 20$, $y < 2x + 3$, and $x - 3y < 4$.

Graph each inequality. The intersections of the boundary lines are the vertices of a triangle.

The vertex $(4, 0)$ can be determined from the graph. To find the coordinates of the second and third vertices, solve the two systems of equations

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 2x + 3 \\ 5x + 4y = 20 \end{array} \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{array}{l} y = 2x + 3 \\ x - 3y = 4 \end{array}$$

For the first system of equations, rewrite the first equation in standard form as $2x - y = -3$. Then multiply that equation by 4 and add to the second equation.

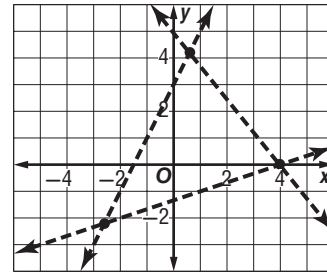
$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - y = -3 \\ 5x + 4y = 20 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Multiply by 4.} \\ (+) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 8x - 4y = -12 \\ 5x + 4y = 20 \\ \hline 13x = 8 \\ x = \frac{8}{13} \end{array}$$

Then substitute $x = \frac{8}{13}$ in one of the original equations and solve for y .

$$\begin{aligned} 2\left(\frac{8}{13}\right) - y &= -3 \\ \frac{16}{13} - y &= -3 \\ y &= \frac{55}{13} \end{aligned}$$

The coordinates of the second vertex are $\left(\frac{8}{13}, 4\frac{3}{13}\right)$.

Thus, the coordinates of the three vertices are $(4, 0)$, $\left(\frac{8}{13}, 4\frac{3}{13}\right)$ and $\left(-2\frac{3}{5}, -2\frac{1}{5}\right)$.



For the second system of equations, use substitution. Substitute $2x + 3$ for y in the second equation to get

$$\begin{aligned} x - 3(2x + 3) &= 4 \\ x - 6x - 9 &= 4 \\ -5x &= 13 \\ x &= -\frac{13}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Then substitute $x = -\frac{13}{5}$ in the first equation to solve for y .

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2\left(-\frac{13}{5}\right) + 3 \\ y &= -\frac{26}{5} + 3 \\ y &= -\frac{11}{5} \end{aligned}$$

The coordinates of the third vertex are $\left(-2\frac{3}{5}, -2\frac{1}{5}\right)$.

Exercises

Find the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle formed by each system of inequalities.

1. $y \leq -3x + 7$
 $y < \frac{1}{2}x$
 $y > -2$

2. $x > -3$
 $y < -\frac{1}{3}x + 3$
 $y > x - 1$

3. $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$
 $y > \frac{1}{2}x + 1$
 $y < 3x + 10$